FOX SCIOC UNDERSTANDING TODAY FOCUSING ON THE FUTURE

MAY 2024

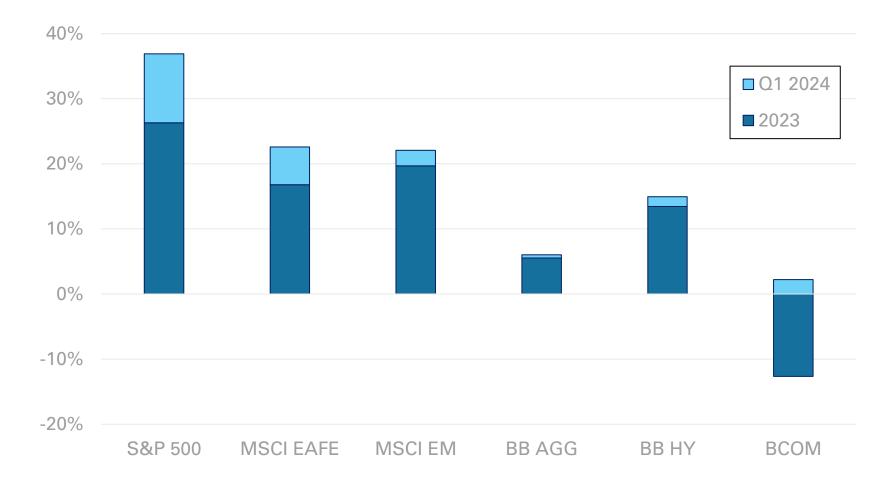
Timothy F. McCusker, FSA, CFA, CAIA, Chief Investment Officer



PROPRIETARY & CONFIDENTIAL

RECENT MARKET RESULTS

STRONG 2023 RETURNS (EXCEPT COMMODITIES) CONTINUE IN 2024





MAGNIFICENT SEVEN

DOMINANT PERFORMANCE IN 2023 CONTINUES INTO 2024



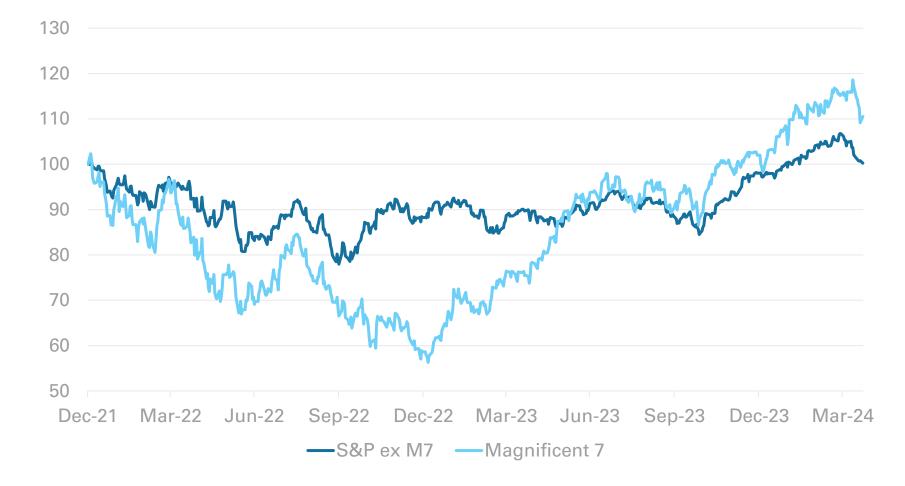


MARKET BACKDROP

		YE 2022	April 2024		2022	2024
	S&P 500	4,766	5,030	Fed Funds	0.25	5.50
	IG OAS	0.92	0.90	US 10 Year	1.51	4.63
	HY OAS	2.93	2.99	СРІ	7.19	3.48
	Gold	1,895	2,345			
FAI	Oil	75	81			

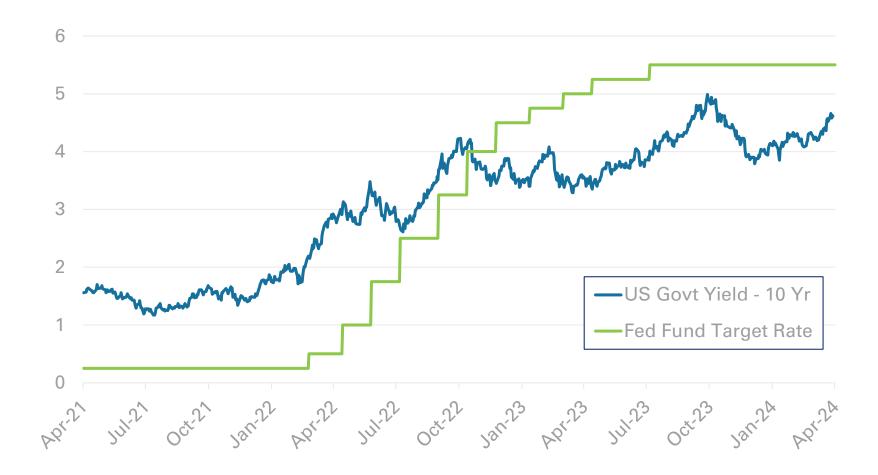


MAGNIFICENT SEVEN ANOTHER ROUNDTRIP



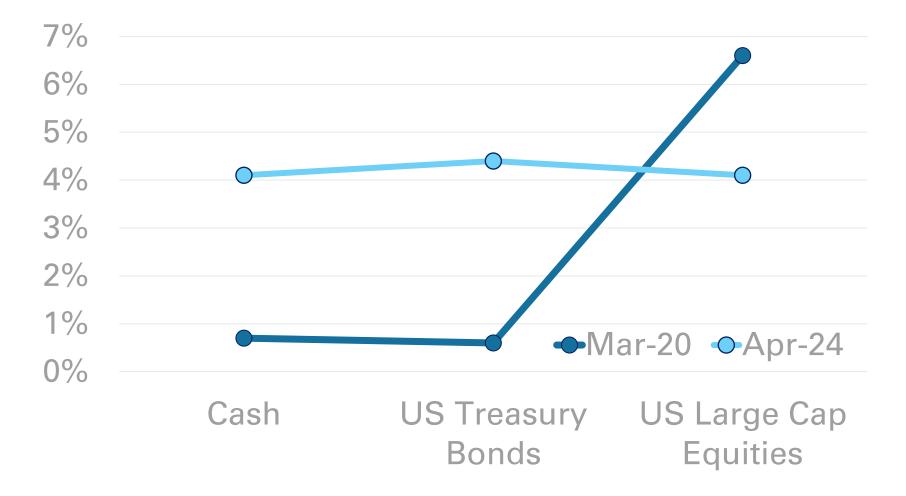


US INTEREST RATES STRUCTURAL CHANGE FOR RATE ENVIRORNMENT

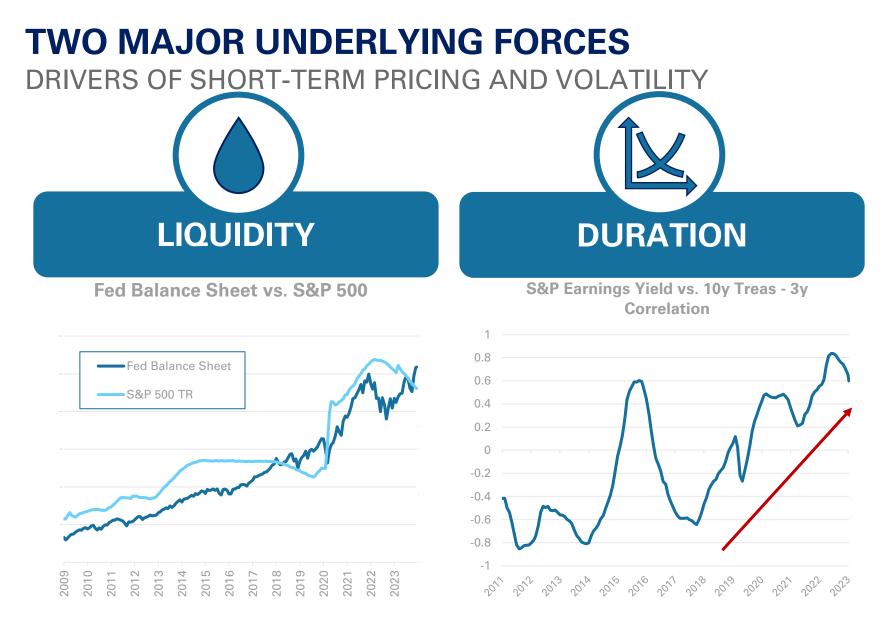




WHY DOES THE ROUNDTRIP MATTER? INVESTING GETS A LOT HARDER FROM HERE











AREAS OF MARKET FOCUS SHORT-TERM



AREAS OF SHORT-TERM MARKET FOCUS



Inflation Re-Acceleration



Global Election Cycle & Geopolitics



THE FED REMAINS BIASED TO POLICY EASING

"Most FOMC participants see it as likely to be appropriate to begin lowering the policy rate at some point this year."

- Jerome Powell March 20, 2024

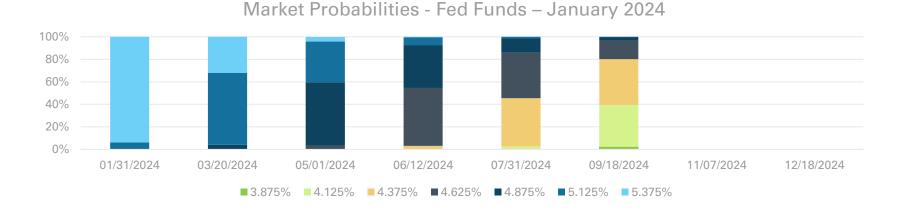
"The recent data do not materially change the overall picture, which continues to be one of solid growth, a strong but rebalancing labor market, and inflation moving down toward 2 percent on a sometimes-bumpy path."

- Jerome Powell April 3, 2024

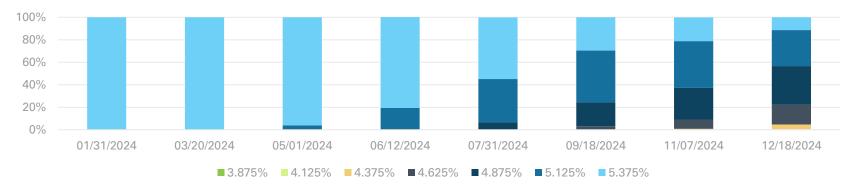
"If higher inflation does persist, we can maintain the current level of restriction for as long as needed. At the same time, we have significant space to ease..." - Jerome Powell April 16, 2024



MARKET EXPECTATIONS SHIFTING HIGHER FOR LONGER PLAYING OUT IN REAL TIME



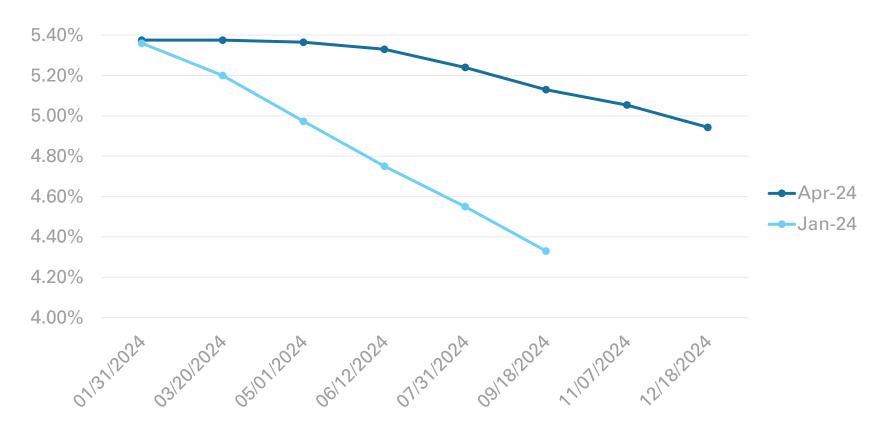
Market Probabilities - Fed Funds – April 2024





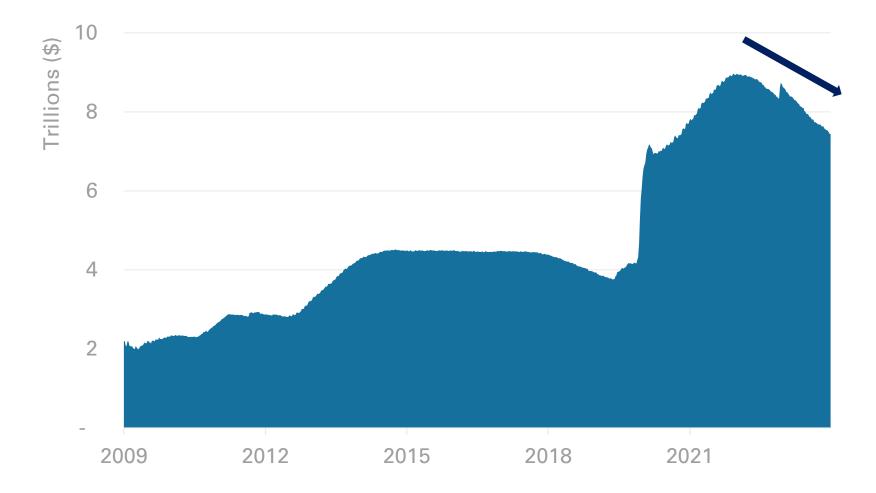
MARKET RECOGNIZING FED APPREHENSION EXPECTATION OF SIX CUTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR NOW 2

Weighted Average FF Rate





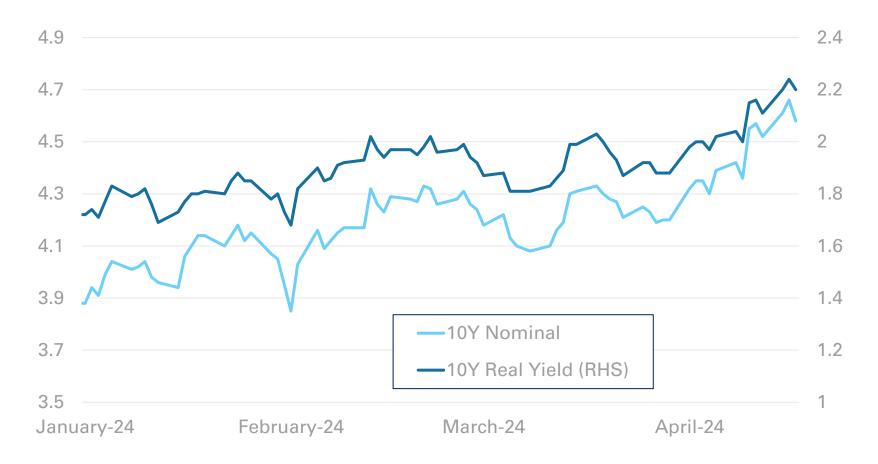
OUANTITATIVE TIGHTENING CONTINUING... BALANCE SHEET HAS SHRUNK BY OVER \$1T SINCE MARCH 23





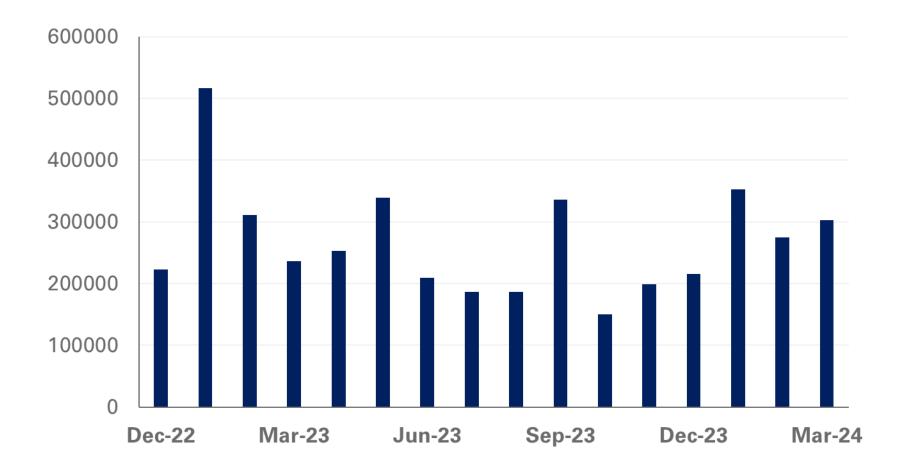
COST OF CAPITAL ACCELERATING

SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN RATES IN 2024



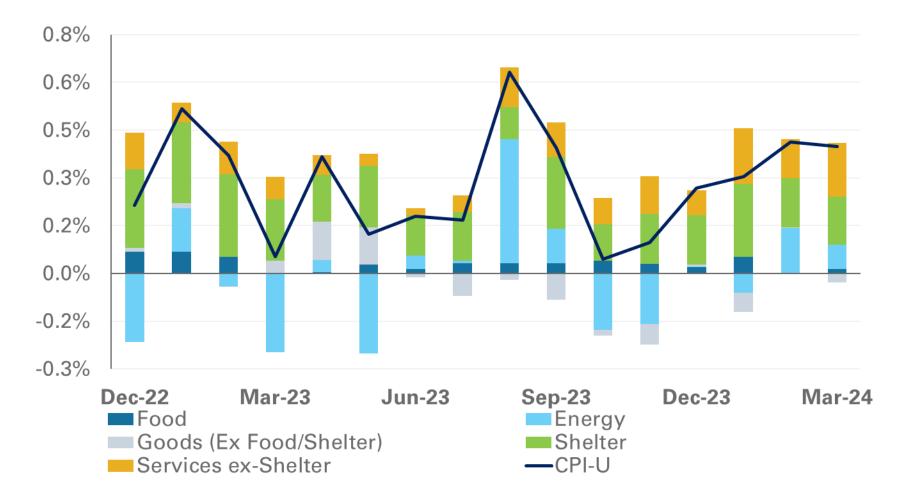
Source: FactSet

LABOR MARKET DATA REMAINS ROBUST MONTHLY CHANGE IN TOTAL NONFARM PAYROLLS



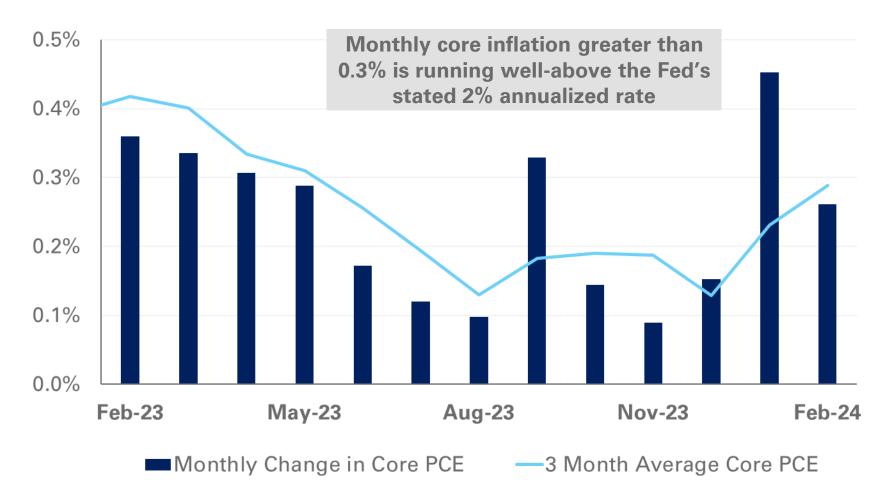


U.S. INFLATION METRICS HAVE RE-ACCELERATED MONTHLY CHANGES IN CPI-U BY CATEGORY





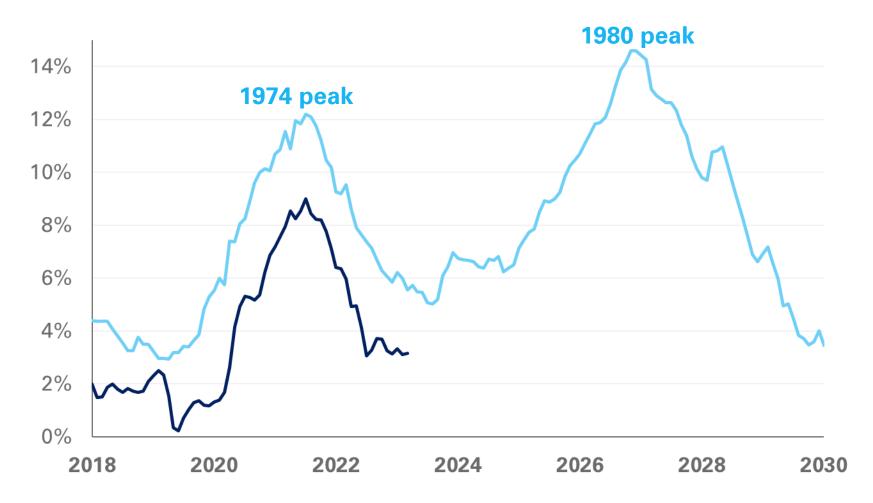
CORE INFLATION IS RUNNING ABOVE FED TARGET MONTHLY CHANGE IN CORE PCE (EX-FOOD AND ENERGY)





INFLATION OFTEN COMES IN WAVES

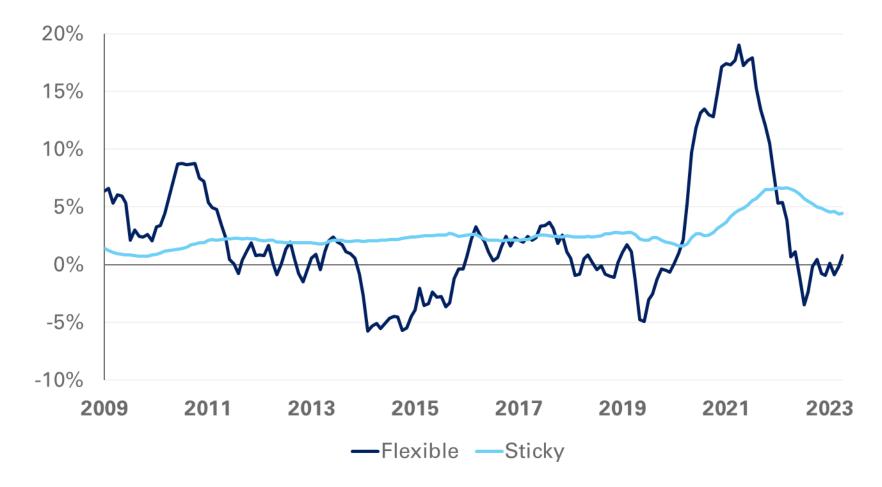
ANNUAL CHANGE IN U.S. CPI-U: 1970S VS. 2020S





Sources: U.S. Department of Labor, FactSet

INFLATION PRESSURES ARE BROADENING FLEXIBLE VERSUS STICKY INFLATION PRESSURES



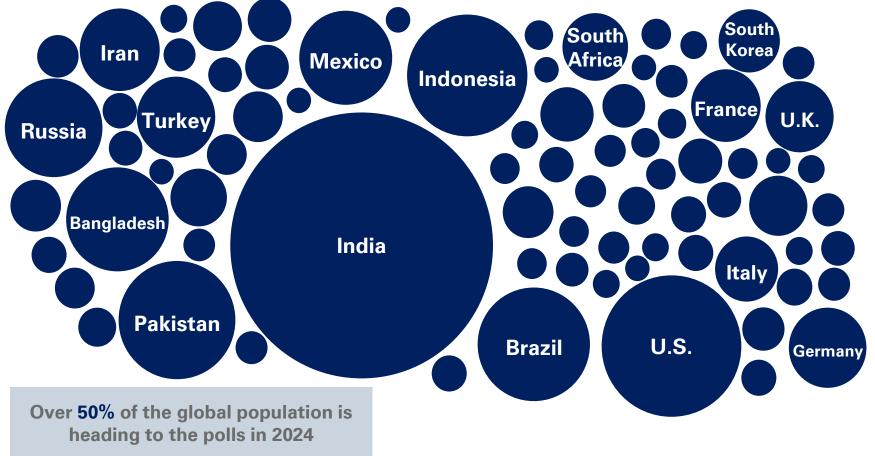


Notes: "Sticky" refers to a weighted basket of items that change price relatively slowly.

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

A GLOBAL ELECTION CYCLE COMPLICATES THINGS

 An election "supercycle" in 2024 widens the range of outcomes associated with foreign policy, trade policy, and domestic policy

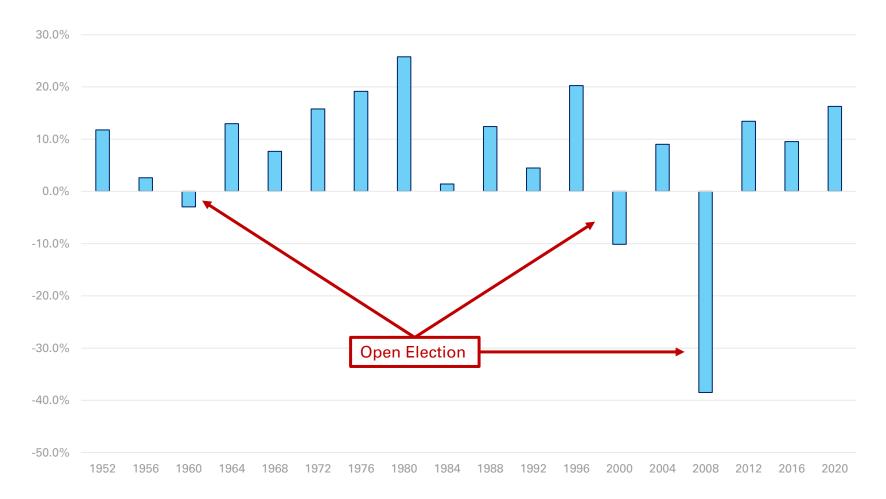




Notes: Includes the European Union member states that will elect the next Parliament in June 2024. Size of bubble denotes size of population for voting country. Source: FactSet

US PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION YEARS

USUALLY POSITIVE FOR S&P 500 (ESPECIALLY RE-ELECTIONS)





US PRESIDENTIAL POLICY TOOLS

Short-end debt borrowing

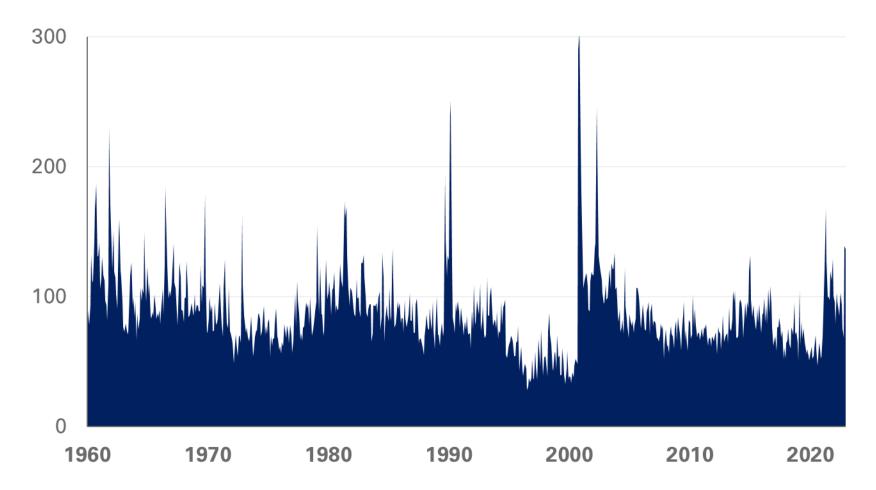
Fed/Treasury easing financial conditions US-China relationship healing

Fiscal spending for Congressional approved Infrastructure

Student Loan Cuts for qualified borrowers

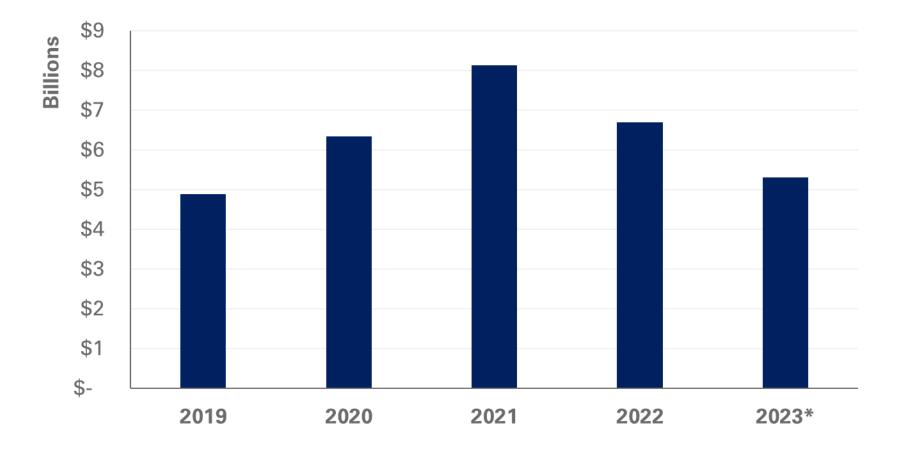


A TRANSITION AWAY FROM RELATIVE STABILITY HISTORICAL GEOPOLITICAL RISK INDEX





U.S.-CHINA RELATIONS ARE EVER-PRESENT SEMICONDUCTOR-RELATED EXPORTS FROM THE U.S. TO CHINA



Notes: 2023 assumes fourth quarter exports is an average of the first three quarters of 2023

Semiconductor is based on FAS value for HTS Codes: 8541, 9030.92.00, 9031.41, 8480.71.40.00, and 8486

Source: U.S. International Trade Commission





LONG TERM THEMES SHORT-TERM



LONG-TERM INVESTING THEMES







Artificial Intelligence



Regime Change



ADJUSTING TO A "COST OF CAPITAL"

2024 MARKET THEMES



Normalizing Higher Interest Rates

Economy is not acclimated to long-term interest rate environment of 4% or higher



Tighter Bank Lending Standards Access to capital for entities needing to refinance will be a 2024 focus point



Benefits Accrue for Fixed Rate Borrowers

Fixed rate borrowers have time to adjust capital structure to the rate environment



Interest Income

Income flows to savers but drains availability of capital for the economy

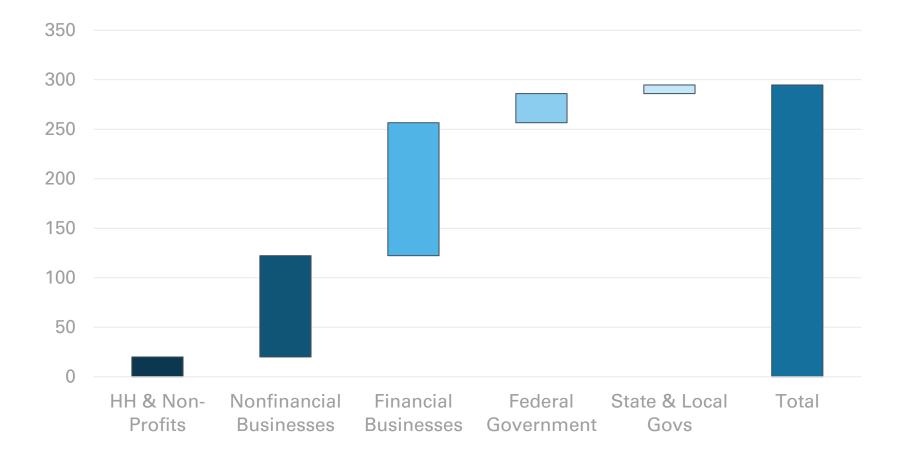


M&A Dealmaking Complexity

Deal volume is more limited and pathway to finalize transactions are tighter

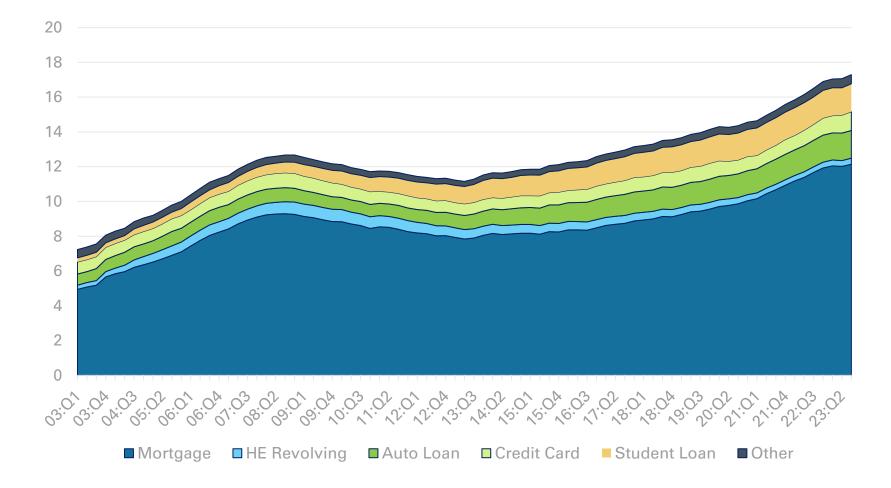


TOTAL DEBT ACROSS UNITED STATES





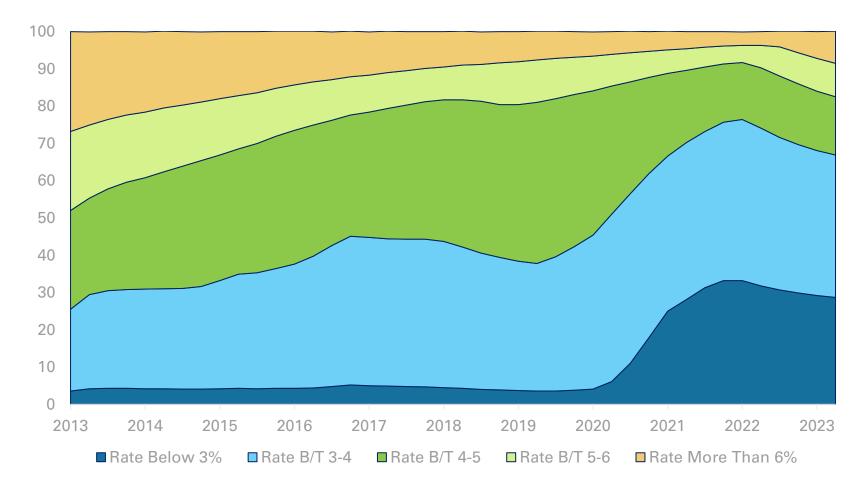
HOUSEHOLD DEBT COMPOSITION 70% MORTGAGES





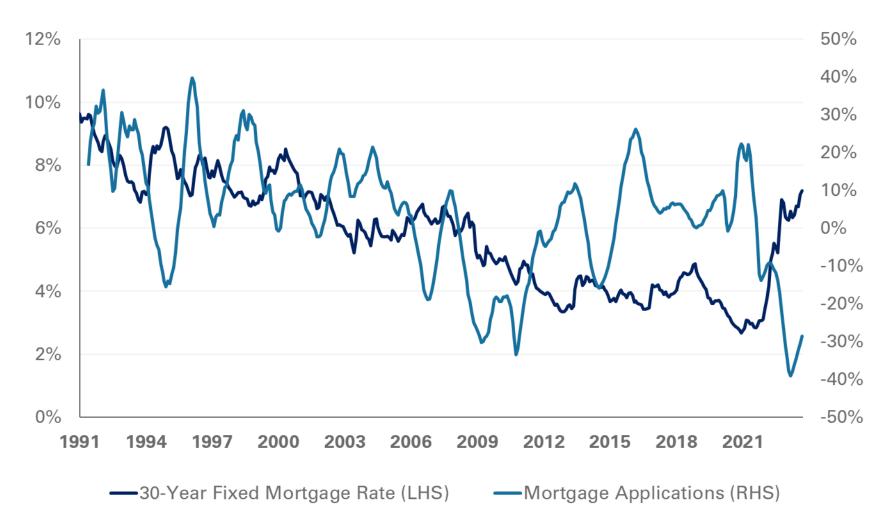
VALUE OF US MORTGAGES BY RATE

90% OF MORTGAGES LESS THAN 6%





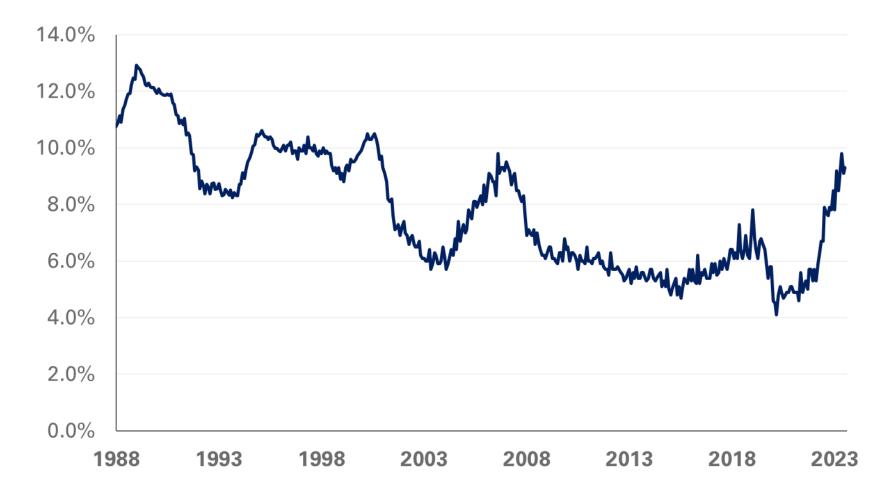
INTEREST RATES WEIGH ON MORTGAGE VOLUMES





Notes: Mortgage applications data series reflects a six-month moving average of annual changes in application volumes Sources: Freddie Mac, FactSet

SMALL BUSINESSES FEELING RATES PRESSURE ACTUAL INT. RATE PAID ON SHORT-TERM LOANS

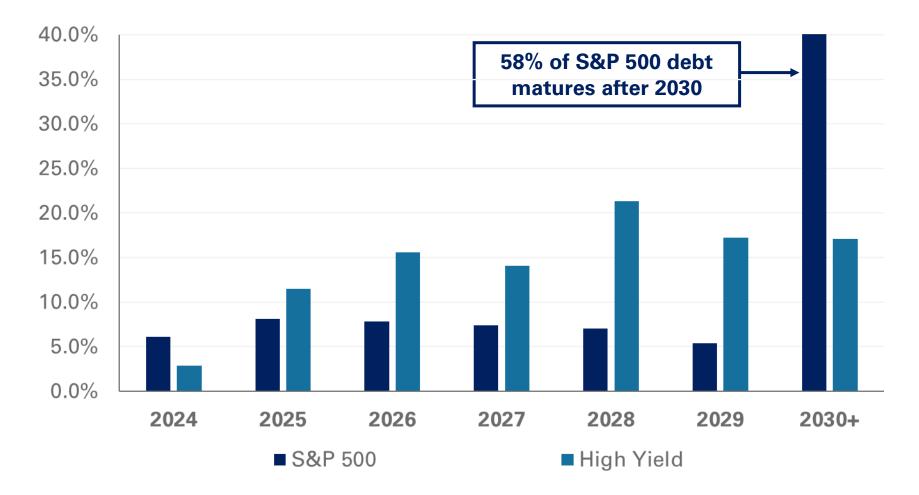




Source: National Federation of Independent Business, FactSet

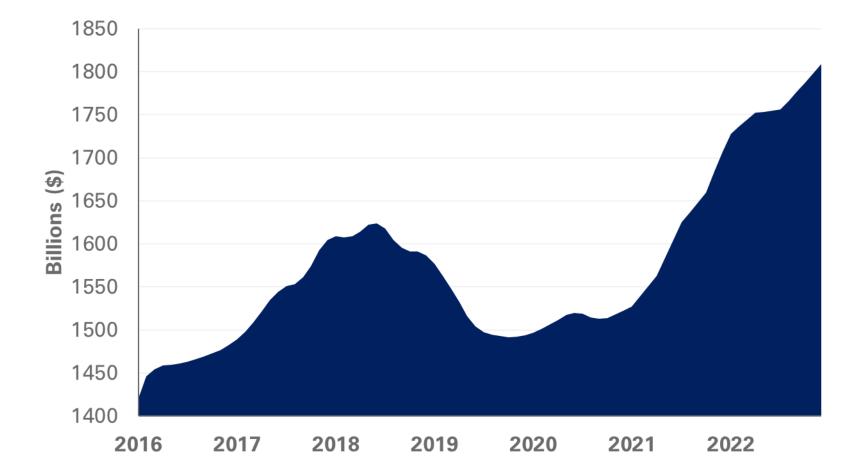
FIXED RATE DEBT REFLECTS QUALITY PROFILE

DEBT MATURITIES OF HIGH YIELD AND S&P 500 EX-FINANCIALS



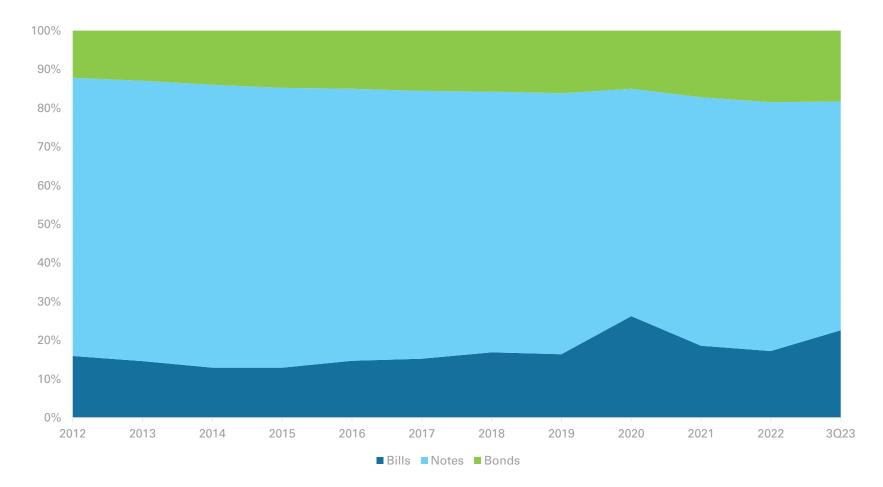


INTEREST INCOME CAN SUPPORT CONSUMPTION PERSONAL INTEREST INCOME FROM ASSETS





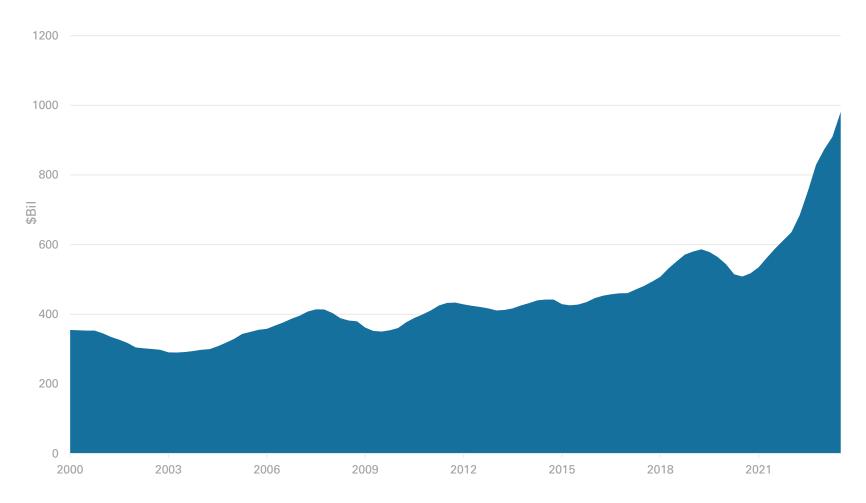
US NATIONAL DEBT COMPOSITION BY MATURITY





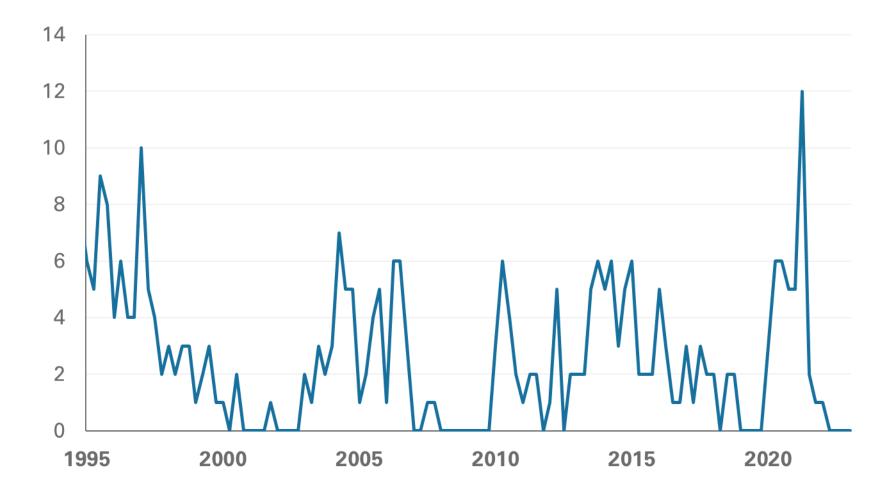
US GOVERNMENT – NET INTEREST PAID

ACCELERATING SINCE 2021





INTEREST RATES SUPPRESSING M&A ACTIVITY BANKS REPORTING LOAN DEMAND DUE TO M&A FINANCING





Notes: Gray shading reflects recessions as defined by the NBER Sources: Federal Reserve System, FactSet

DEBT SUSTAINABILITY

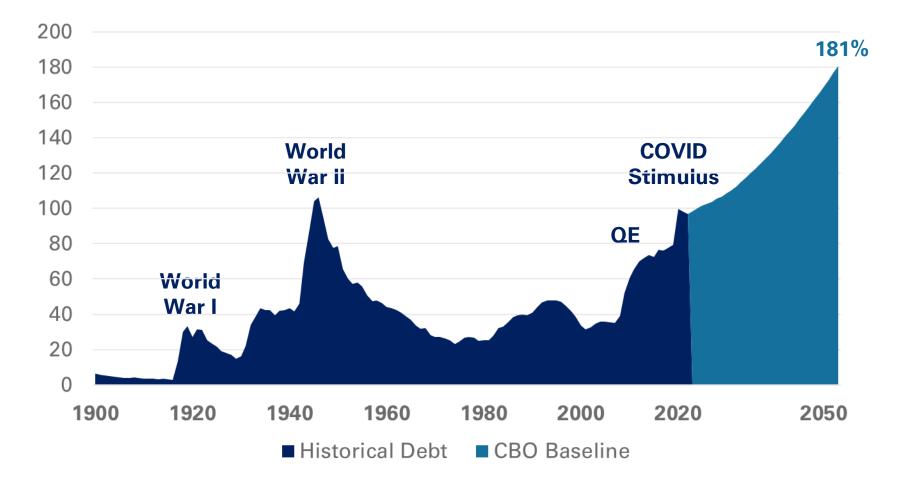
2024 MARKET THEMES

Interest Rate Implications	Fundamentals suggest perpetual deficit cycle requires higher interest rates
Inflation Pressure	Money supply can absorb the debt but stoke demand and inflation
Dollar Impact	The dollar still has no competitor for global reserve currency status
Crowding Out Effect	Increasing supply of Treasuries will compete for credit vs. other investments
Nominal Growth Needed	To maintain a healthy debt-to-GDP ratio, higher nominal GDP growth is needed



AN UNSUSTAINABLE PATH

FEDERAL DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC AS PERCENTAGE OF GDP

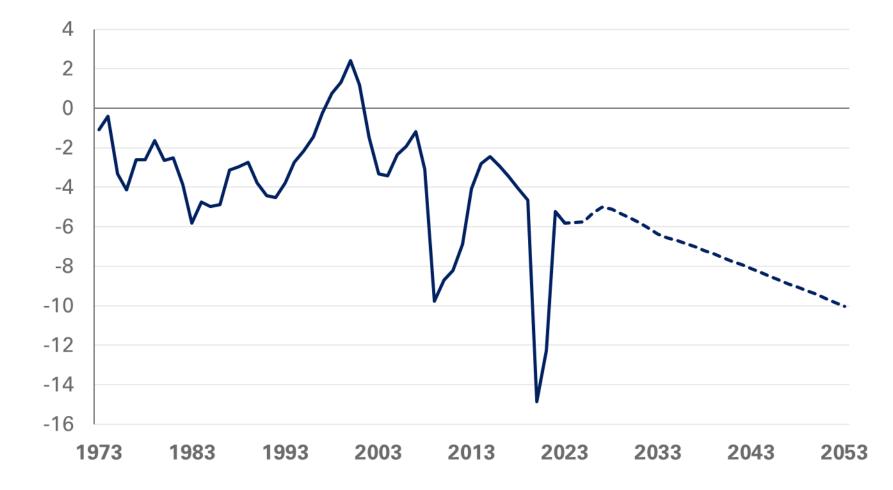




Source: Congressional Budget Office, NEPC

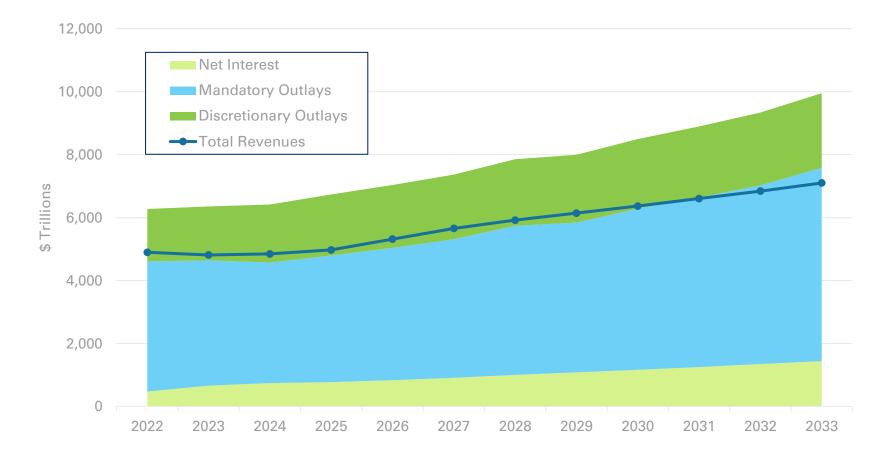
Interest rate paths are relative to CBO Baseline and based on an effective interest rate paid on debt

DEFICITS HAVE TO BE FINANCED TOTAL DEFICITS AS PERCENTAGE OF GDP



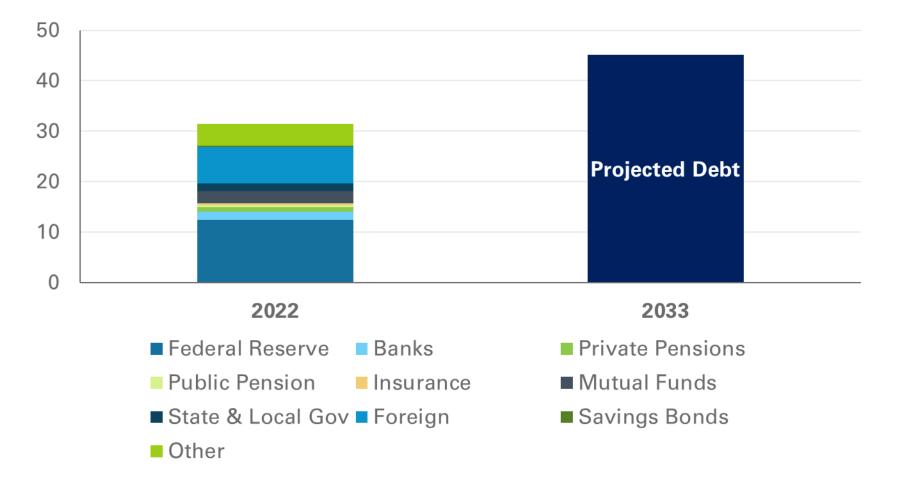


TOTAL US GOV BUDGET VS. REVENUE NOT A LOT OF WIGGLE ROOM ON DISCRETIONARY SPEND





WHO'S GOING TO BUY ALL THIS DEBT? OWNERSHIP OF U.S. TREASURY SECURITIES IN TRILLIONS

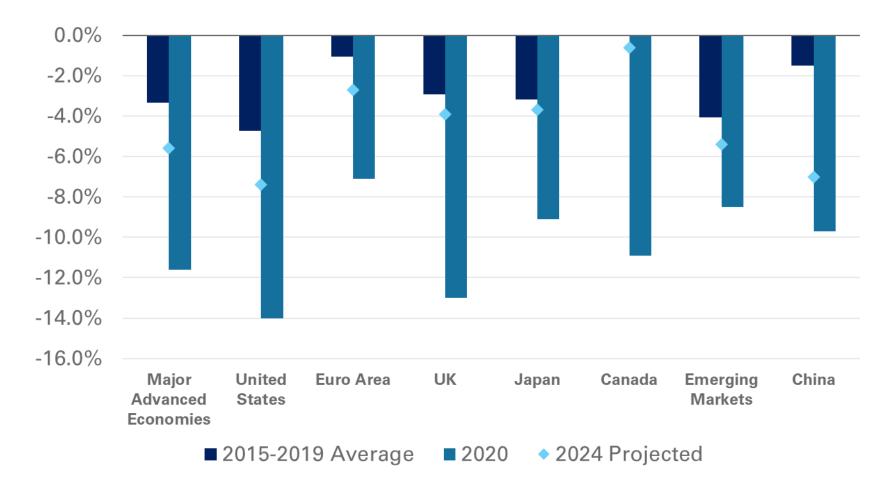




Source: U.S. Treasury, Congressional Budget Office As of December 31

THE U.S. IS NOT ALONE

GENERAL GOVERNMENT NET BORROWING AS PERCENT OF GDP





Source: International Monetary Fund October 2023 World Economic Outlook

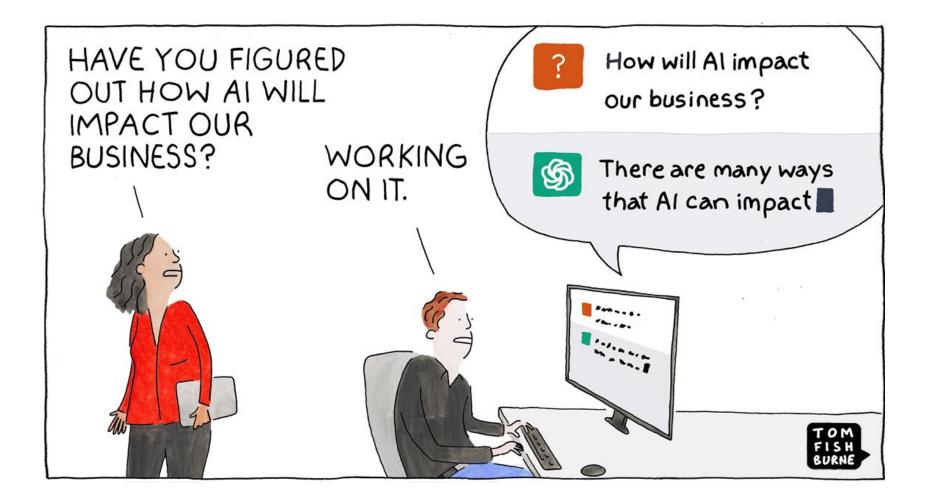
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

2024 MARKET THEMES

Al as a Tool	Artificial Intelligence will be used with humans rather than replace humans
Productivity Gains	Adoption of Al may boost real economic growth and enhance productivity
Impact is Beyond Tech Sector	Current market has favored tech sector, broader industry effects remain unknown
Al Proof Statement	Novel products and successful Al adoption will test valuations in 2024
Geopolitics May Alter Adoption	Costs for semiconductors, data, regulation could slow adoption



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IS IMPACTING BUSINESS





ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE: A DEFINITION

CHATGPT: CAN YOU GIVE ME A SIMPLE DEFINITION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN 3-4 BULLET POINTS?

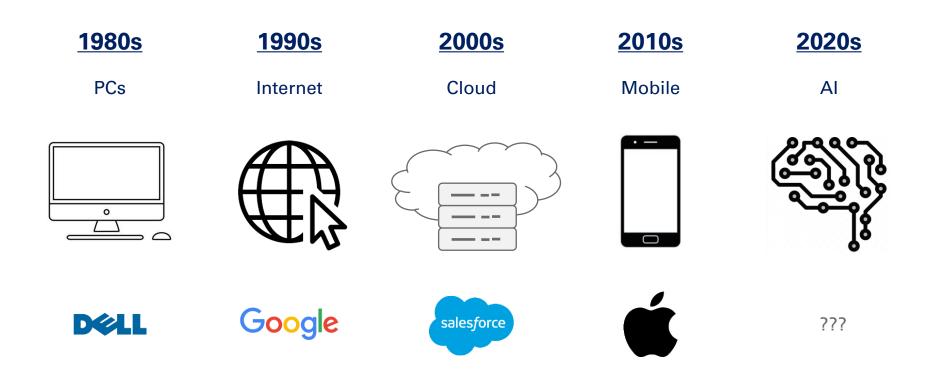


Sure! Here's a simple definition of artificial intelligence (AI) in a few bullet points:

- **Mimicking Human Intelligence:** Artificial Intelligence refers to the creation of computer systems that can perform tasks that typically require human intelligence.
- Learning and Adaptation: Al systems are designed to learn from data and improve their performance over time without explicit programming, adapting to new information and experiences.
- Problem Solving: Al involves using algorithms and models to analyze complex problems, make decisions, and generate solutions, often at a speed and scale beyond human capability.
- Various Applications: Al is used in a wide range of applications, from voice assistants like Siri to self-driving cars, medical diagnoses, recommendation systems, and more.

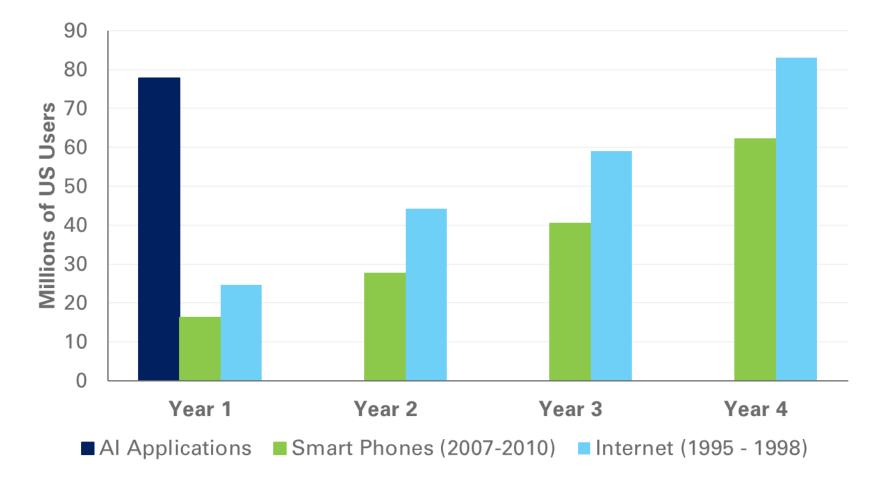


PLATFORM SHIFTS HAPPEN ONCE A DECADE





AI ADOPTION RATES HAVE BEEN FAST TECHNOLOGY ADOPTION RATES





Al Applications represents users who enter a prompt to ChatGPT or another Generative Al system at least once per month and if as of June 2023 Source: Insider Intelligence, World Bank, US Bureau of Economic Analysis FactSet,

MACROECONOMIC IMPACTS FROM AI ADOPTION 5-YEAR ROLLING AVERAGE OF LABOR PRODUCTIVITY





INTEREST IN AI EXTENDS PAST TECH COMPANIES AI MENTIONED ON EARNINGS REPORT IN RUSSELL 3000







2024 MARKET THEMES

	Era of Falling Rates has Concluded	Policy path likely to be very different than prior 40 years
	Structurally Higher Inflation	Fiscal policies offsetting restrictive monetary stance, altered labor dynamics
	Drivers of Market Performance Shifting	Falling rates and rising growth benefitted equities for 40 plus years
	Globalization Momentum Stalled	Era of global cooperation shifting to multi-polar world
ኯ፟፟፟፟ቝ፟ኯ፟ ቝ፟ኯ፟ቝ፟ኯ፟፟ቝ፟	Destiny of Demographics	Slowing global population growth shifts characteristics of economic growth



INTEREST RATES

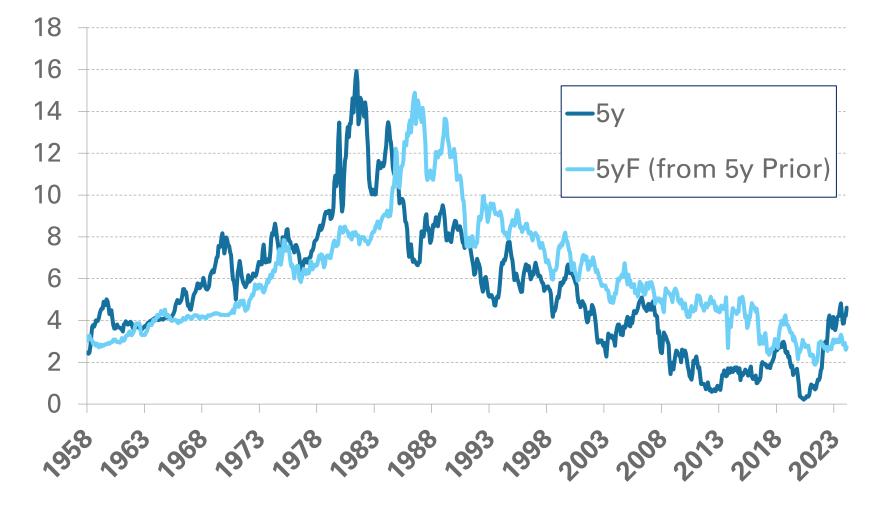
US 10 YEAR TREASURY



NE

Source: FactSet

MARKETS ARE ALMOST ALWAYS WRONG



CONCLUDING THOUGHTS



Fed Policy, path of inflation and economic growth and a global election cycle will drive markets in the near-term



Long-term trends should be a primary focus for investors



Higher Cost of Capital, Debt/Deficit Issues and AI combine to create a new investing regime



Investors must look forward in a new regime and consider different solutions for portfolio success



INFORMATION DISCLAIMER

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

The goal of this report is to provide a basis for substantiating asset allocation recommendations. The opinions presented herein represent the good faith views of NEPC as of the date of this report and are subject to change at any time.

Information on market indices was provided by sources external to NEPC. While NEPC has exercised reasonable professional care in preparing this report, we cannot guarantee the accuracy of all source information contained within.

All investments carry some level of risk. Diversification and other asset allocation techniques do not ensure profit or protect against losses.

This report is provided as a management aid for the client's internal use only. This report may contain confidential or proprietary information and may not be copied or redistributed to any party not legally entitled to receive it.

